

ions, wishes and goals you yourself associate with the mentoring ated and made transparent can work be done on joint implementation. I mentoring relationship. The desire as well as the willingness for persona present. This also requires talking openly about concerns, ideas, fears are and after in the interest of both sides; for example, protocols during the goals set.

process of the mentee, which is why the mentee herself bears inship. The successful design of the mentoring process not only requires on the mentees:

process, the mentee formulates clear expectations and goals for herse and comes to an understanding about them with her mentor. Only when the sparent can the implementation be worked on together.

g, the mentee examines her interests and possibilities and develops les for their implementation.

eping in touch and informing her mentor about her state of development

the tandem relationship, i.e. she initiates the mentoring meetings and -up. They do not expect ready-made solutions, but shape their own furth is, take responsibility for themselves and make their own decisions. support for achieving the goals set.

reater the mentee's willingness to be open with her mentor and to share seek support and advice as well as constructive criticism and to talk

lopment as well as working out professional perspectives and strategies quires a willingness for self-reflection and the ability to take criticism.

ny opportunities for you to develop professionally and personally:

eers

cultures

ge about structures, processes and rules of the academic game

nily or dual-career partnership

(Excerpt from the mentoring guideline

ips from mentors

er the course of the project, we have collected a few tips I expectations from the mentors and would like to pass se on to you. You will find the tips listed below:

. Have the courage...

. To have respect	•
. Write	>
. Express concrete wishes	•
i. Express criticism	•
. Adress questions	•
'. Cancellations	>
I. If mentors	>